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Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

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CACTUS and OTHER

SUCCULENT SEEDS

GENERAL LIST No. 17



Specimen of our attractive seed packets. Dealers please ask for wholesale prices.

R. W. KELLY

2410 La Rosa Drive Temple City, California U. S. A.

HOW TO GROW CACTUS FROM SEEDS

The growing of cactus from seeds is easy if a few simple requirements are observed. The experience is fascinating, as the development is quite different from that of ordinary flowering plants. Also perfect specimens without the scars and blemishes of desert collected plants can be obtained, and blooming size plants may be grown in two or three seasons which might require five to ten years under natural desert conditions. Cactus grows in spite of desert environments, not because of them.

TIME TO PLANT—For house or greenhouse culture without artificial heat, late spring and summer are best, but they may be planted at any time of the year if a minimum temperature of 65° F. can be maintained. Best results seem to be obtained with a temperature of 70 to 90° F., but higher temperatures in the glasshouse during the day do not harm them if they are kept moist. The seed pans should never be allowed to become dry, but do not keep them standing in water all the time.

SOIL FOR SEED—Sift equal parts of well rotted leaf-mold and sand through a one-fourth inch mesh screen. (IMPORTANT—Do not use a finer screen thinking to make a softer bed for the dainty seedlings, as the soil must be kept ventilated by the coarse particles.) Place some coarse gravel, mortar or broken brick about an inch deep at the bottom to insure drainage. Also have some holes in the bottom of the container. Shallow pots, nursery flats or cans may be used. The one pound coffee can is ideal for two or three hundred seeds.

SOW THE SEED thickly on top and cover with coarse sand or small gravel, about ½ to ¼ inch deep. Crushed grit such as the poultry feed houses supply is ideal as the dust and finer particles are removed and the seeds must have air. Do not cover with soil as the seeds will remain dormant or smother and decay. For very small seed such as Mamillarias the gravel covering may be put on first and the seed allowed to settle between the crevices. This is the way they are grown in nature.

WATERING—After seeds are sowed place container in a pan of water until moisture appears on top. Then remove and water thereafter by sprinkling lightly from the top. The covering used must be coarse enough to be undisturbed by light sprinkling. The seed must be kept moistened until germination takes place which is about four days to two weeks. Some slower kinds will germinate after several weeks. It may be well to sterilize the soil before planting with boiling water to kill insects and fungi. If mold or "damping-off" fungus appears spray with a good fungicide. Do not keep in direct sunlight, but give moderate light after seedlings appear.

TRANSPLANTING may begin when first spines appear, but if the seedlings are not crowded they may be left until about pea-size or one-half inch high. Use same soil as above with the addition of good garden soil. Equal parts of leaf-mold, sand and loam is a good mixture. Add a little charcoal and place some of the gravel used for covering seed on top around the seedlings after they have been transplanted.

TERMS—Greatest care has been used in obtaining seeds from sources deemed reliable and to have seeds correctly named, but due to the several systems of nomenclature in use in various part of the world, no guarantee can be given as to correctness. We recognize "The Cactaceae" by Britton and Rose as the authority except that revisions made necessary by more recent investigations and discoveries are used in this catalog.

Prices are in U. S. dollars as at date of publication postpaid anywhere in the postal union. If air mail delivery is desired please enclose extra postage. Minimum postpaid order \$1.00.

Due to very limited stocks of some kinds of seeds, some will soon be sold out, so please include some alternate selections with your order. We do not substitute without your permission. 20% discount is allowed on purchases of 500 or more of one kind of seed. Wholesale growers please ask for special wholesale list for larger quantities. Foreign collectors please send price list. Exchanges invited from all growers and collectors.

California buyers are required by law to include 3% state sales tax; this does not apply to other states.

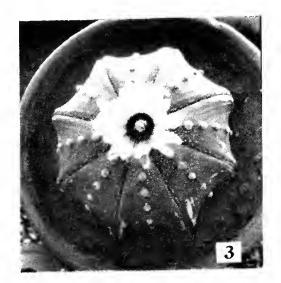
R. W. KELLY, 2410 La Rosa Drive, Temple City, California, U. S. A.

	PKT.	100 S
ANCISTROCACTUS		0
megarhizus	.10	.20
scheeri		.20
AREQUIPA leucotricha	.10	.75
leucotricna	.10	./)
N. W. C.		
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CACTUS SEED

Ancistrocactus scheeri

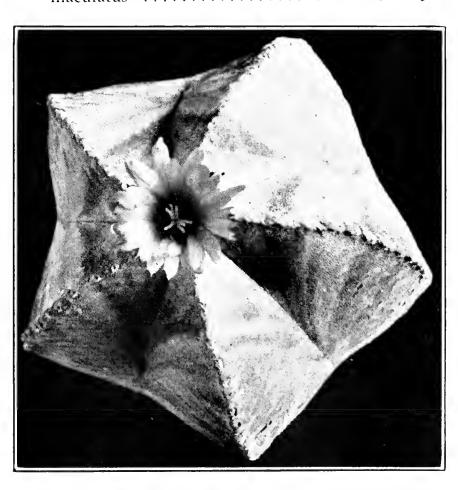
ARIOCARPUS (Living Rock)		
fissuratus	.10	.30
furfuraceus	.10	.30
kotschoubeyanus	.10	.30
retusus	.10	.30
scafarostrus	.10	.30
trigonus	.10	.30
ARMATOCEREUS (new genus Peru)		
laetus	.10	.45
matucanensis	.10	.75



Astrophytum asterias the "Sea urchin"

ASTROPHYTUM		
asterias	.10	.40
capricorne aurea	.10	.40
capricorne var. major		.35
capricorne var. minor	.10	.35
capricorne senilis		.45
myriostigma coahuilense		.40
myriostigma columnaris	.10	.45

	PKT.	100
STROPHYTUM—continued		S
	1.0	2.5
myriostigma potosina	.10	.35
myriostigma tamaulipensis	.10 .10	.40 .45
myriostigma tetragona	.10	.40
ornatumornatum mirbelli	.10	.40
BERGEROCACTUS	.10	.40
	1.0	<i>6</i> 5
emoryii	.10	.45
	1.0	25
davisii	.10	.25
candelaris	1.0	40
CARNEGIA	.10	.40
	1.0	20
gigantea (Ariz. giant)	.10	.20
	1.0	2.5
alensis	.10	.25
catingicola	.10	.30
chrysacanthus	.10	.25
fluminense	.10	.30
gounellii	.10	.30
leucocephalus	.10	.25
palmeri	.10	.25
robiniisenilis (old man)	.10	.50
swartzii (Iamaica)	.10	.25
swartzii (Jamaica)	.25	
alacriportanus	.10	.30
chalibaeus	.10	.65
coerulescens var. melanacantha	.10	.55
dayamii	.10	.40
fernambucensis	.15	.70
forbesii	.10	.20
gonianthus	.10	.40
hankeanus	.10	.35
hexagonus	.10	.20
hildmannianus	.10	.20
jamacaru	.10	.20
mixed and hybrids best grafting stock	.10	.10
monvilleanus	.10	.25
peruvianus	.10	.25
peruvianus monstrosus	.10	.30
pitahaya	.10	.30
CEREUS (?)		• • • •
maculatus	10	30

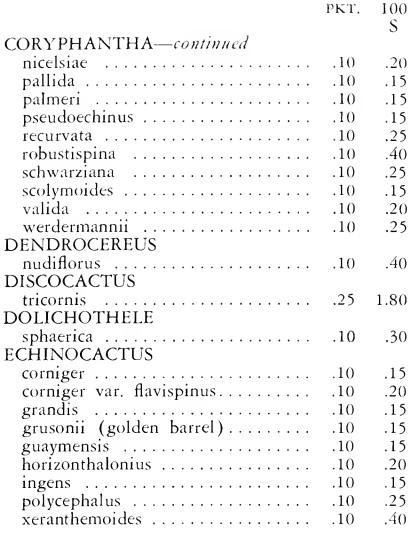


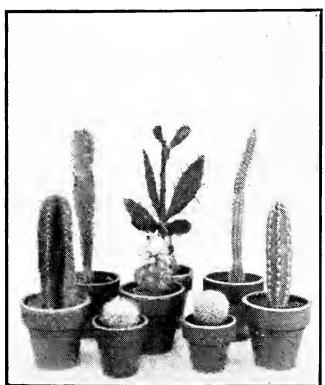
Astrophytum myriostigma. The "Bishop's Cap."

	РКТ.	100 S
CHILENIA		
acutissima	.10	.60
castaneiodes	.15	.90
chilensis	.10	.65
heteracantha	.15	.90
nigrihorrida	.15	1.20
senilis	.15	.60
CLEISTOCACTUS		
baumannii	.10	.40
baumannii var. colubrinus	.10	.30
herzogianus	.10	.45
morawetzianus—new spec	.15	1.00
smaragdiflorus	.20	1.60
straussii	.10	.25
straussii var. jujuyensis	.10	.20
tupizensis	.15	.90
COPIAPOA		. /-
cinerea	.20	1.45
CORRYOCACTUS	1.0	2.5
bolivianus	.10	.35
brevistylus	.10	.45
melanothrichus	.10	.20
CORYPHANTHA	1.0	1.5
andreae	.10	.15
asterias	.10	.25
bergeriana	.10	.35
clava	.10	.25
cornifera	.10	.15
difficilis	.10	.15
echinoidea	.10	.15
erecta	.10	.15
georgii	.10 .10	.20 .20
gladilspina	.10	.15
jaumevei	.10	.1)



Echinocereus delaetii. The "Old Lady."





A window garden of seedlings.

.10

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amoenus

glycimorphus

knippelianus

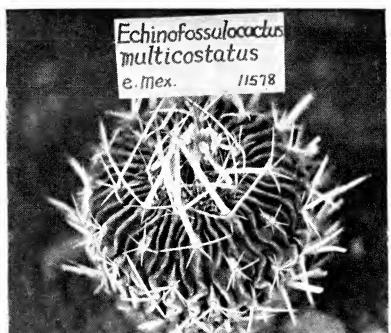
maritimus

ECHINOCEREUS

armatus10 .20 .40 australis10 blanckii25 .10 bonkerae30 .10 .30 .10 cinerascens40.10 conglomeratus10 .15 de laetii20 dubius10 .15 engelmannii10 .25

For amateurs unfamiliar with identity of names, we will select 10 packets named species most easily grown, a fine assortment of various types for \$1.00, 20 all different for \$2.00.

	PKT.	100
ECHINOCEREUS—continued		S
melanocentrus	.10	.25
mojavensis	.10	.25
neo-mexicana	.10	.40
octacanthus	.10	.25
pectinatus	.10	.15
pectinatus var. castanea	.10	.25
pulchellus	.10	.25
reichenbachii	.10	.20
rigidissimus (rainbow)	.10	.25
ritteri	.10	.25
roseii	.10	.20
sarrissophorus	.10	.20
sarrissophorus var	.10	.20
scopulorum	.10	.15
sp. n. (from Dorantes)	.10	.15
stoloniferus (new)	.10	.50
stramineus	.10	.15
ECHINOFOSSULOCACTUS		
albatus	.10	.15
coptonogonus	.10	.15
crispatus purple flower	.10	.30
crispatus yellow flower	.10	.25
hastatus	.10	.15
lamellosus	.10	.15
lloydii	.10	.40
multicostatus	.10	.15
ochotereno	.10	.40
phyllacanthus	.10	.15
sp. nov.? (Cadereyta)	.10	.25
vaupelianus	.10	.25



Echinofossulocactus are good pot plants which bloom early.

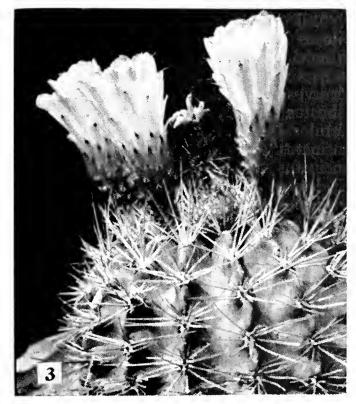
ECHINOMASTUS		
arizonicus	.10	.50
durangensis	.10	.20
erectocentrus	.10	.50
johnsonii	.10	.40
sp. n	.10	.60
ECHINOPSIS		
ancistrophora	.10	1.00
campylacantha	.10	.15
hamatacantha	.10	.30
huotti	.10	.60
leucantha	.10	.30
violacea	.10	.40
EPITHELANTHA		
micromeris var. greggii	.10	.35
micromeris var. tuberosus	.10	.35
micromeris var. unguipsinus	.10	.35

	РКТ.	1()()
ERDISIA		S
maxima	.10	.40
squarrosa	.10	.75
ERIOCEREUS		
martini		
pomanensis	.10	.60
tortuosus	.10	.40



Echinopsis leucacantha as it grows in native habitat.

ERIOSYCE		
ceratistes	.10	.75
korethroides	.10	.50
sandillion	.10	.50
ESCOBARIA		
durispina	.10	.25
roseana	.10	.30
sp. n. (Bustamente)	.10	.30
tuberculosa	.10	.20
tuberculosa var. durispina	.10	.40
ESCONTRIA		
chiotilla	.10	.15



Echinopsis violacea with its beautiful flowers.

Midget cactus for small bowls which never grow large are Epithelantha, Frailea, Gymnocalycium, Lobivia, Mammillaria, Notocactus, Parodia and Rebutia. Many others will remain small as long as kept in small pots and crowded bowls.

S	
ESPOSTOA	
lanata)
sericatus)
EULYCHNIA	
iquiquensis)
spinibarbis	

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Epithelantha micromeris
"A midget cactus." Life size.

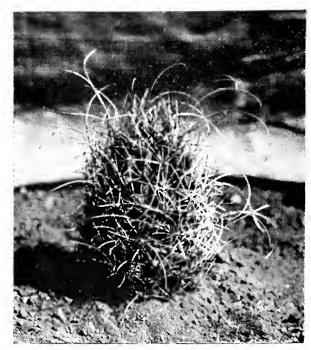
FEROCACTUS		
acanthodes	.10	.20
alamosanus	.10	.20
californicus	.10	.40
coloratus	.10	.40
covillei	.10	.20
echidne	.10	.15
electracanthus	.10	.10
emoryii	.10	.30
flavovirens	.10	.60
fordii	.10	.20
glaucescens	.10	.20
gracilis	.10	.25
hamatacanthus	.10	.10
horridus	.10	.15
johstonianus (rare)	.15	.80
latispinus (corniger)	.10	.15
longihamatus	.10	.20
macrodiscus	.10	.40
mathsonii	.10	.15
orcuttii cristata	.15	.50
pilosus	.10	.25
pringlei	.10	.15
rectispinus	.15	.60
recurvus	.10	.15
robustus	.10	.10
tortulospinus	.15	
uncinatus	.10	.10
uncinatus var. wrightii	.10	.20
viridescens	.10	.20
wislizeni	.1()	.20
FRAILEA		
colombiana	.20	1.20
grahliana	.10	.25
gracillima	.10	.30
pseudopulcherrima	.10	.80
pulcherrima	.20	
pumila	.10	
pygmea	.10	.60
schlinskyanus	.10	.45

	PKT.	100 S
GRUSONIA		
bradtiana	.10	.20
GYMNANTHOCEREUS		
microspermus	.25	



Eriocereus martinii
One of the many "Night Blooming Cereus."

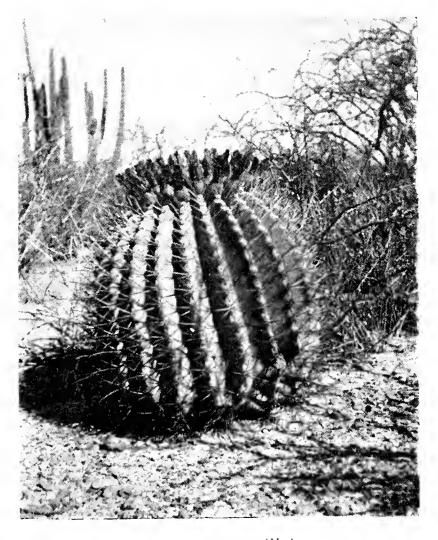
GYMNOCALYCIUM		
baldianum	.15	.80
bodenbenderianum	.15	.70
chubutensis	.20	1.35
de laetii	.10	.40
gibbosum	.10	.45
gibbosum var. nigrum	.25	
gibbosum var. schlumbergeri	.15	.75
hybopleurum	.15	.60
kurtzianus	.10	.30
leptanthus	.10	.40
loricatus	.10	.15



Ferocactus uncinatus

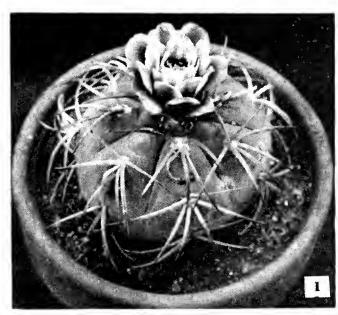
The best cactus for indoor pot culture and which will flower early are Mamillaria, Astrophytum, Echinopsis, Rebutia, Notocactus, Gymnocalycium and Hamatocactus.

	PKT.	100 S
GYMNOCACTUS—continued		0
lafaldense	.15	.60
mazanense	.15	.45
mazanense var. breviflorum	.15	
mazanense var. ferox	.20	
mihanovitchii	.10	.60
mihanovitchii var. stenogonum	.20	.80
monvillei	.10	.30
mostii	.15	.60
multiflorum	.10	.75
netrelianum	.15	.90
nidulans	.20	1.20
nigriareolatum sp. nov	.15	.90
ochoterenai	.15	1.00
oenanthemum	.30	
pflanzii	.15	.80
platense	.20	
platense var. baldianum	.15	.80
prolifer sp. nov	.15	1.20
quehlianum, white flower	.10	.30
quehlianum, rose flower	.15	.60
rhosantherum	.15	
saglione	.10	.30
schickendantzii	.15	.60
sigelianum	.15	
spegazinnii	.10	.75
stellatum	.15	1.40
stuckertii	.10	.60
weissianum var. atroroseum	.20	1.20
HAAGEOCEREUS		10
acranthus	.10	.40
australis	.15	1.00
chosicensis	.10	.35
decumbens	.20	.90
laredensis	.15	1.00
olowinskianus new sp	.10	.60

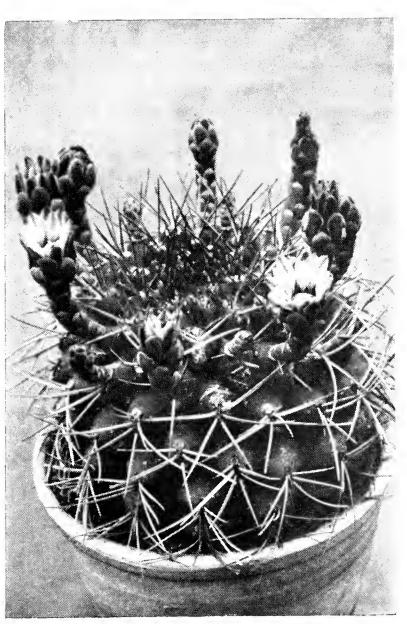


Ferocactus covillei An Arizona "Barrel Cactus."

HAAGEOCEREUScontinued	PKT.	100 S
pacalaensis		
pseudomelanostele		
versicolor	.10	.40
HAMATOCACTUS		
setispinus	.10	.15



Gymnocalycium loricatum

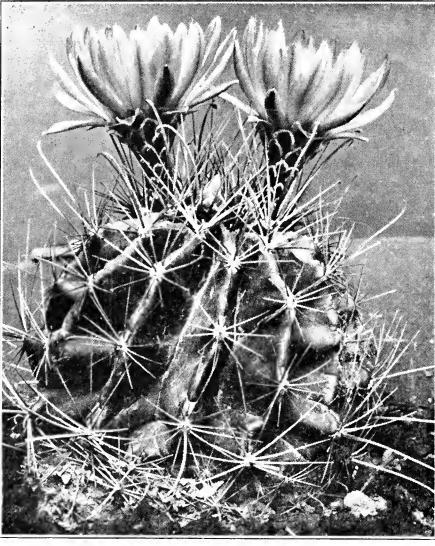


Gymnocalycium schickendantzii

HARRISIA		
brookii	.10	.25
eriophora	.10	.25
fragrans		
HOMALOCEPHALA		
texensis	.10	.20
HYLOCEREUS		
undatus (Honolulu Queen)	.10	.30

Colorful globular species are Astrophytum, Coryphantha, Echinofossulocactus, Lobivia, Malacocarpus, Mammillaria, Neoporteria, Parodia, Rebutia and Thelocactus.

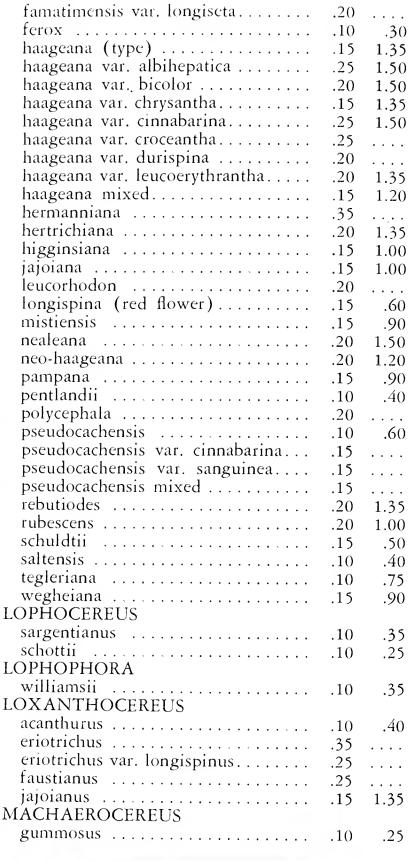
	PKT.	100
		S
ISLAYA		
minor	.15	1.()()
LEMAIREOCEREUS		
bavosus	.10	.15
beneckii	.20	
candelabrum	.10	.20
chende	.10	.15
chichipe	.10	.15
dumortieri	.10	.20
griseus	.10	.20
montanus	.10	.20
pruinosus	.10	.15
stellatus	.10	.15
LEPTOCEREUS		
leoni	.15	.80
LEUCHTENBERGIA	• • •	.00
principis	.10	.30
principis	.10	. 50



Hamatocactus setispinus Free blooming, easily grown.

LOBIVIA

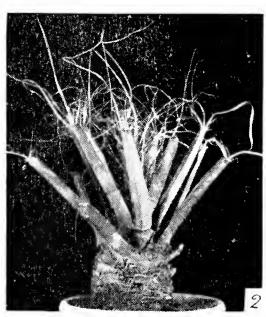
allegraiana	.20	1.35
aurea	.10	.45
backebergii	.15	1.20
binghamiana	.20	1.35
boliviensis	.10	.45
breviflora	.20	
caespitosa	.15	.90
corbula	.10	.75
cylindrica	.15	1.20
drijveriana	.25	1.80
drijveriana var. aurantiaca	.25	
drijveriana var. nobilis	.25	
ducispauli	.10	.25
famatimensis (type)	.10	.60
famatimensis var. cinnabariana	.10	.60
famatimensis var. haematantha	.10	.75



LOBIVIA—continued

PKT.

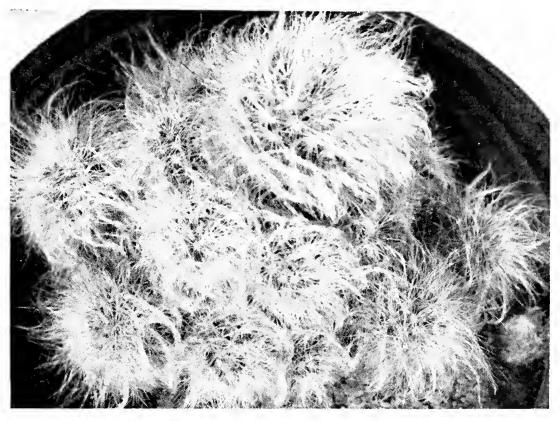
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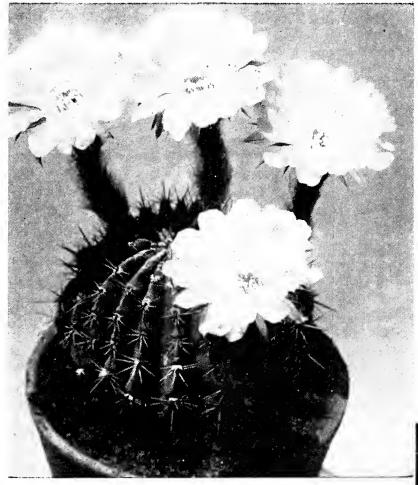
Leuchtenbergia principis
The "Agave Cactus."

The easiest and fastest growing species for the beginner to try are Cereus, Echinocactus, Ferocactus, Hamatocactus, Lemaireocereus, Oreocereus, Pachycereus and Trichocereus.

MALACOCARPUS		
See also Notocactus		
sellowii	.10	.60
vorwerckianus	.10	.60
MAMILLARIA		
applanata	.10	.20
armillata	.15	.80
baldonae sp. n	.10	.40
baumii	.10	.40
bicolor	.10	.15
blossfeldiana	.10	.40
bocasana	.10	.15
boedeckeriana	.10	.20
brandegeii	.15	.80
calacantha	.10	.20
camptotricha	.10	.15
candida var. rosea	.10	.20
caput medusae	.10	.15
carmelae sp. n	.10	.40
carnea	.10	.15
carrettii	.10	.35
celsiana	.10	.15
centricirrha	.10	.15
cephalophora	.10	.40



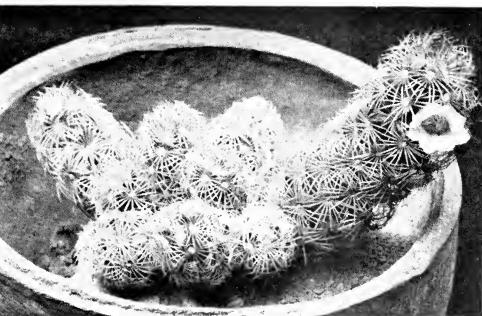
Mamillaria bocasana
A white woolly one with hooked red spines.



	PKT.	100 S
MAMILLARIA—continued		
elongata stella aurata	.10	.15
erythrosperma	.10	.25
fasciculata	.10	.25
flavovirens	.10	.15
fuliginosa	.10	.25
gabbii	.10	.40
galeotii	.10	.15
gigantea	.10	.15
guelzowiana	.10	.35
gummifera	.10	.25
haageana	.10	.20
hahniana	.10	.35
heeseana	.10	.20
herrerae	.10	.75
heyderi	.10	.15
hidalgensis	.10	.40
karwinskiana	.10	.15
klissingiana	.10	.25

Lobivia aurea Golden flowered. Blooms second year.

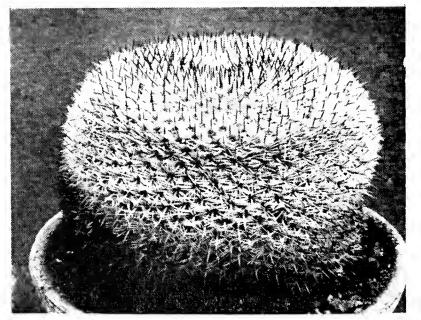
chinocephala	.10	.25
compressa	.10	.15
crucigera	.10	.15
decipiens	.10	.15
densispina	.10	.15
denudata	.10	.20
dioica	.10	.20
discolor	.10	.15
dolichocentra	.10	.15
durispina	.10	.15
elegans	.10	.15
elongata var. echinata	.10	.25



Mamillaria elongata

For white hairy or woolly seedlings try Espostoa, Cephalocereus senilis, Oreocereus, Echinocereus delaetii and Mamillarias boscasana, hahniana, candida, klissingiana, guelzowiana, kunzeana, longicoma and zephranthoides.

	PKI.	100
		S
MAMILLARIA— continued		
kunzeana	.10	.15
leona	.10	.20
lloydii	.10	.15
longicoma	.10	.15
longiflora	.10	.40
mainae	.10	.35
martinezii	.10	.30



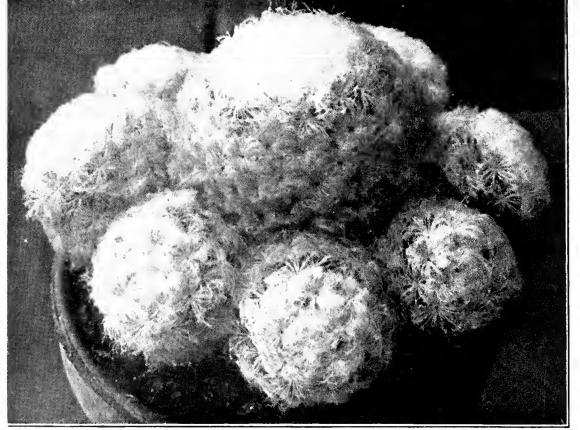
Mamillaria martinezii
One of the more recent introductions bears white and brownish red spines. We recommend this one.

		S
MAMILLARIA—continued		
nunensis	.10	.40
occidentalis	.10	.35
orcuttii	.10	.15
ottonis	.10	.20
parkinsonii	.10	.25
perbella	.10	.15
perbella lanata	.10	.30
pfeifferi	.10	.25
phaeacantha	.10	.25
plumosa	.10	.35
polythele	.10	.25
prolifera	.10	.35
pseudoperbella	.10	.20
pusilla	.10	.50
pygmeae	.10	.20
rettigiana	.10	.15
rettigiana var. flavispina	.10	.35
rhodantha var. chrysacantha	.10	.25
rhodantha var. sulphura	.10	.25
rhodantha var. rubra	.1()	.20
rubrispina	.10	.40
saetigera	.10	.20
schiedeana	.10	.25
schmollii	.10	.20
sempervivi	.10	.30
sheldonii	.15	.60
sphacelata	.10	.30
spinossissima	.10	.10
standleyi	.10	.20

PKT.

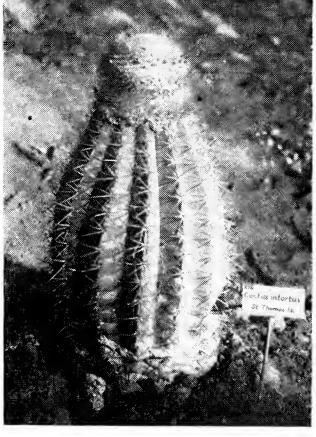
100

tetracantha trichacantha15 uncinatavaupelii40.4()viereckii25 villifera20 .10 viperina40.10 viridiflora60 .15 waltherii10 .25 wildiana10 .25



Mamillaria plumosa A soft downy one. No spines. The "Powder Puff."

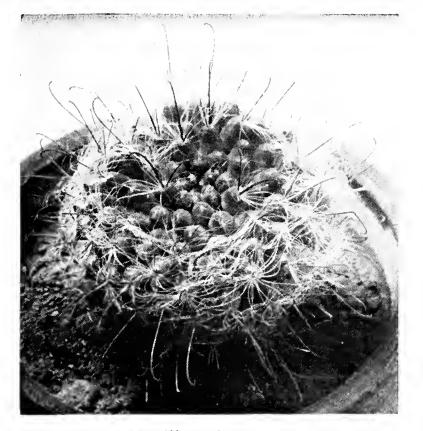
meiacantha	.10	.15
melanocentra	.10	.15
microhelia	.15	.60
milleri	.10	.25
mixed	.10	.10
multiformis		.25
mutabilis	.10	.25
napina	.10	
new species (similar to		
chinocephala)	.10	.25
nigra		.25



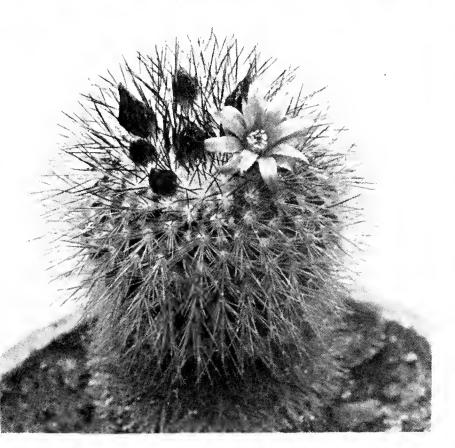
Melocactus intortus The "Turk's Cap" Cactus.

For the taller growing colorful Cerei, plant Cephalocereus, Cereus, Haageocereus, Neoraimondia, Pachycereus, Pilocerus, and Trichocereus.

	PKT.	100
		S
MAMILLARIA—continued		
wilcoxii	.15	
winteriana	.10	.20
zahniana		.20
zeilmanniana	.10	.35
zuccariniana	.10	.30
sp. n. (Paila)	.10	.20
sp. n. (Sonora)	.10	.25

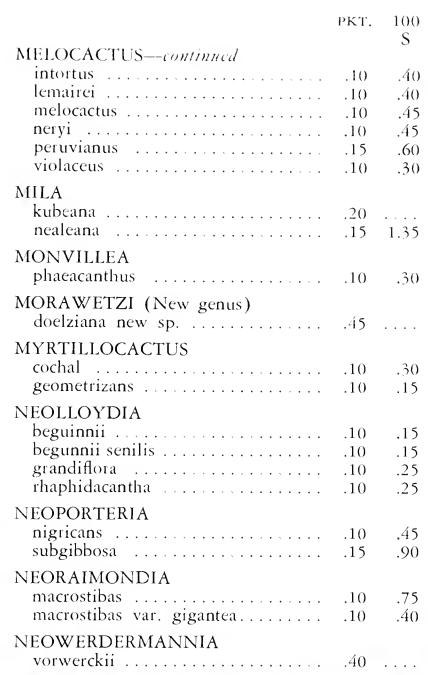


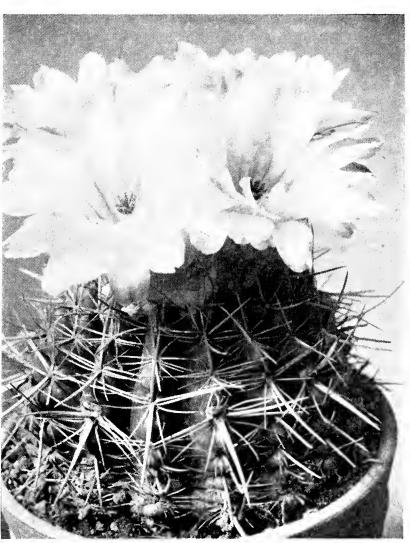
Mamillaria longicoma



Mamillaria spinossissima

MEDIOLOBIVIA		
aureiflora	.15	.50
boedekeriana		
duursmaiana	.35	
elegans		
elegans var. gracilis	.35	
MELOCACTUS		
bahiensis	.10	.60





Notocactus floricomus
The Notocactus are all fine flowering species.

Germinate Euphorbia seeds on moist sterile cotton under an inverted glass tumbler. Place root downwards in soil as soon as germinated and keep slightly moist and uncovered. Use soil mixture as recommended on page two for cactus seedlings.

	PKT.	100
		S
NOTOCACTUS		
apricus	.10	.60
concinnus	.10	.40
floricomus	.10	.60
floricomus var. flavispinus	.10	.60
graessneri	.15	.75
grossei	.15	.75
haselbergii	.15	.75
leninghausii	.10	.40
mammulosus rubra	.10	.40
muricatus	.25	
ottonis	.10	.30
ottonis var. uruguayensis	.10	.30
pampeanus	.10	.40
scopa ruberrima	.10	.35
submammulosus	.10	.45
tabularis	.10	.45
OPUNTIA		
basilaris	.10	.25
chlorotica	.10	.25
discata	.10	.20
leucotricha	.10	.20
lindheimeri	.10	.20
linguaeformis	.10	.25
microdasys	.10	.20
parryii	.10	.20
tomentosa	.10	.20
turpinii	.10	
vestita	.10	.40



Oreocereus tossulatus
All of the Oreocereus are highly recommended.

OREOCEREUS		
celsianus	.10	.20
celsianus var. bruennowii	.10	.50
celsianus var. bruennowii		
subvariety gigantea	.10	.60

	PKI.	100
		S
OREOCEREUS—continued		
fossulatus	.10	.60
trollii	.10	.15
OROYA		
peruviana	.10	.55
PACHYCEREUS		
marginatus	.10	.20
pecten-aboriginum	.10	.20
pringlei	.10	.25
PARODIA		
aureispina	.10	.40
chrysacanthion	.10	.40
maassii	.10	.15
PENIOCEREUS		
greggii	.15	.60



Rebutia minuscula Scarlet flowers second year from seed.

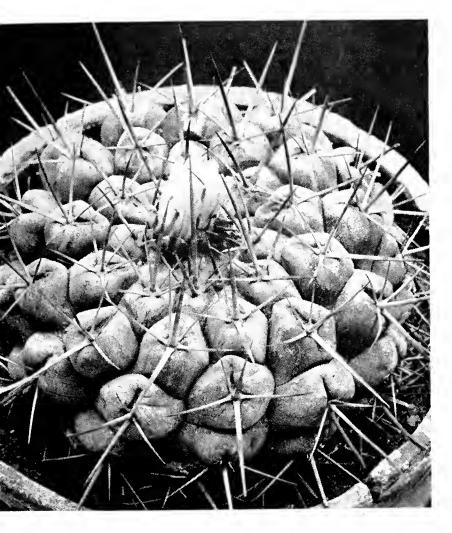
PHELLOSPERMA		
tetrancistra	.10	.50
PILOCEREUS		
albispinus	.15	.90
arribidae		
brasiliensis	.25	
chrysostele	.10	.40



Solisio pectinata
"A small species."

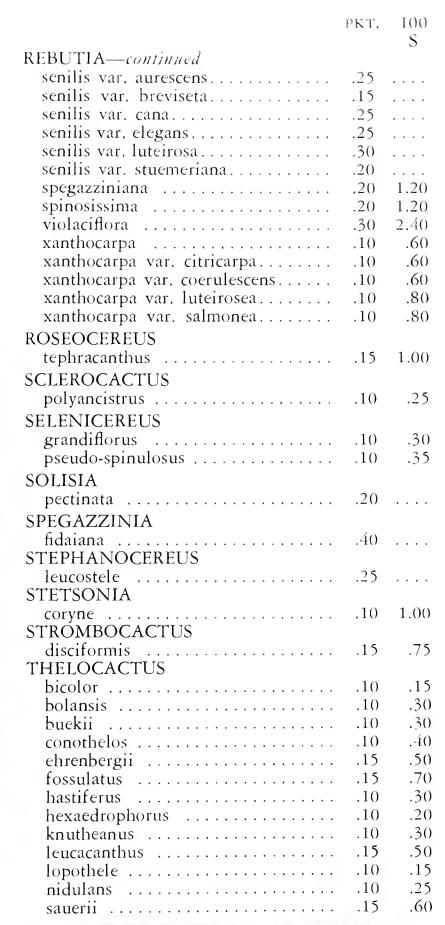
FURTHER INFORMATION about the growing of cactus and other succulents may be secured from the pages of the monthly Journal of the Cactus and Succulent Society of America, Inc. This illustrated magazine is the recognized authority on the subject and numbers among its contributors many renowned botanists, collectors and growers from many parts of the world. The price is \$3.00 per year, including membership in the Society. Every cactus grower should belong. Send your subscription to us. Ask for a list of available books.

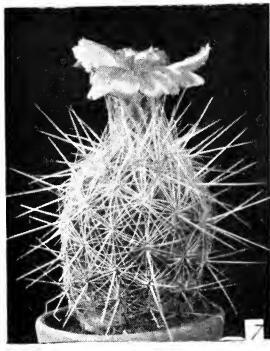
	PKT.	100
		S
PILOCEREUS—continued		
colombianus	.10	.80
fricii	.10	.30
glaucescens	.10	.30
hapalacanthus	.10	
macrocephalus	.10	.30
niger	.10	.55
pentaedrophorus	.20	
piauhyensis	.10	.55
russelianus	.10	.80
PORFIRIA		
schwartzii	.10	.25
PSEUDOESPOSTOA		
melanostele	.20	1.50
melanostele var. inermis	.25	1.80



Thelocactus fossulatus

PYRRHOCACTUS		
curvispinus	.15	
horridus	.10	.60
mammillarioides	.10	.45
soehrensii	.10	.60
straussianus	.10	.30
umadeave	.10	
RATHBUNIA		
alamosensis	.10	.75
REBUTIA	.10	• 1 2
	.15	1.20
chrysacantha		
deminuta	.15	.80
grandiflora	.15	1.20
minuscula	.10	.20
minuscula setosa	.20	
pseudodeminuta	.10	.75
pseudodeminuta var. schneideriana.	.15	
pseudodeminuta var. schneideriana	.15	
pseudominuscula	.10	.60
pygmea	.20	
111	.25	
senilis	ر ک.	



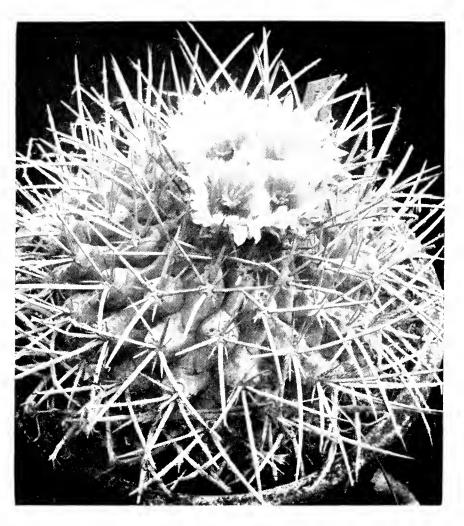


Thelocactus bolansis

Attractive colored lithographed packets of mixed seed for dealers. Ask for wholesale prices. See sample on cover.

	РКТ.	100
THELOCACTUS—continued		S
saussierii	.10	.40
subterraneus (rare new)	.15	.80
tricolor	.10	.20
tulensis	.10	.30
wagnerianus	.10	.15
TRICHOCEREUS		
bertramianus	.10	.40
bridgesii	.10	.30
candicans	.10	.20
chilensis	.10	.60
coquimbanus	.10	.25
huascha	.10	.30
knuthianus	.15	1.00
macrogonus	.15	.80
pasacana	.10	.15
spachianus	.10	.15
strigosus	.10	.25
terscheckii	.10	.15
werdermannianus	.10	.55
TURBINICARPUS		
pseudomacrohele	.15	.80
schmiedickeanus	.25	
WILCOXIA		
striata	.10	.35
MIXED CACTUS SEEDS		
Astrophytum	.10	.40
California	.10	.25
Cephalocereus	.10	.30
Cereus (Piptanthocereus) best		
grafting stock	.10	.20
Corypnantna	.10	.25
Echinocactus	.10	.15
Echinocereus	.10	.10
Echinofossulocactus	.10	.10
Echinopsis	.10	.25
Eriocereus	.10	.25
Ferocactus	.10	.15
Frailea	.10	.30
Lemaireocereus	.10	.15
Lobivia	.10	.40
Mammillaria	.10	.10

MIXED CACTUS SEEDS—continued	РКТ.	100 S
Pachycereus	.10	.15
Rebutia	.10	.40
South American	.10	.25
Thelocactus	.10	.15
Trichocereus		.20
One packet of each of the above mix postpaid. SPECIAL ASSORTMENTS OF MY SI		
500 Seeds, 10 Species		



Thelocactus nidulans



Thelocactus tricolor

;	,																	.10	.25
	,									,								.10	.35
		,			,			,										.10	.20
,					,									,		,	,	.10	.20
	• .										,							.10	.25
		• • •	• • • • •	 . , , . , . ,		. ,	. ,	. ,	. ,	. ,	•	. ,	· / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· / · · · · · · · · · · / · · / · · · ·	· / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	



Coryphantha pallida

SUCCULENT SEEDS

	PKT.	100
AGAVE		S
ferox	.1()	.25
imperialis	.10	.25
victoria-reginae	.10	.30
ALOE		
ferox		.15
herreroensis	.10	.35
striata	.10	.25
variegata	.15	.70



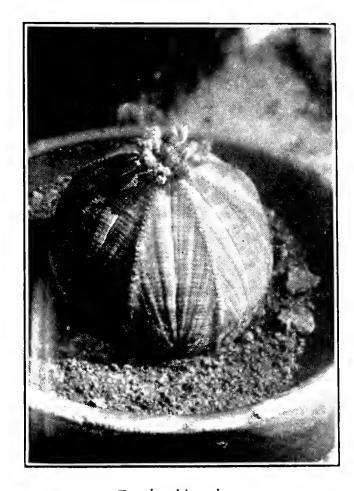
Aloe variegata
The "tiger Aloe" or "Partridge Breast."

The figer Afoe of Partificge bi	east.	
CLEISTOYUCCA arborescens (Joshua tree)	.10	.40
DYCKIA	***	
rarifolia		.40
sulphurea	.10	.25
EUPHORBIA	2 se	eds
bubalina	.05	
dinteri	.20	
inermis	.20	
lathyris	.10	
ledienii	.15	
morinii	.15	



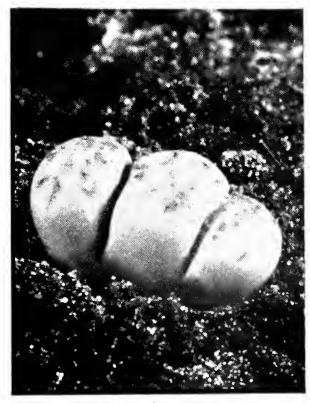
Agave victoria-reginae
A small growing beautiful species.

	PKT.	1()()
EUPHORBIA—continued		S
obesa	.20	
regis jubae	.10	
GASTERIA		
mixed	.10	.4()
HOODIA		
macrantha	.60	4.40
LITHOPS		
mixed	.15	.40
HESPEROYUCCA		
whipplei (the Lord's Candle)	.10	.25
MANFREDA		
variegata	.10	.30
PLEIOSPILOS		
simularis	.20	.75
PUYA		
coarctata	.20	



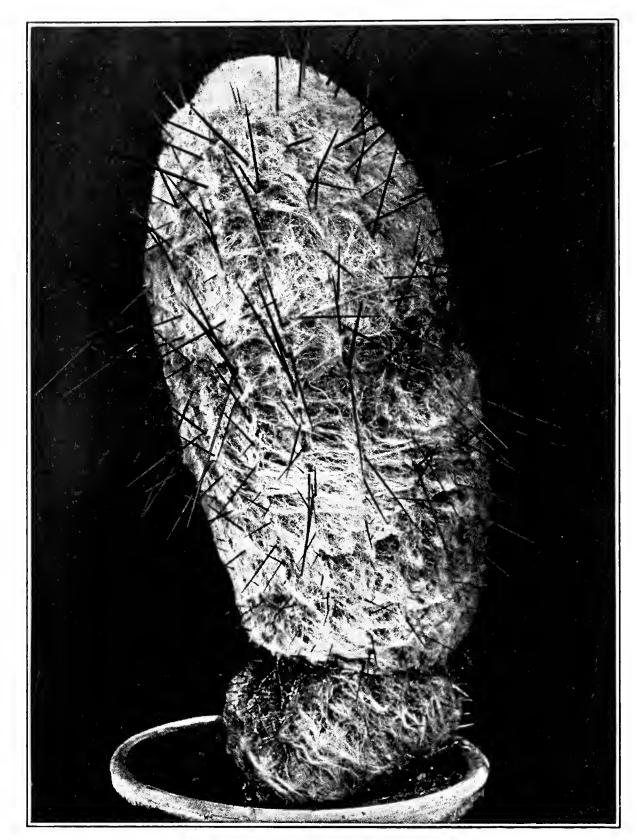
Euphorbia obesa

TITANOPSIS		
schwantesii	.15	.50
Ask for Special List of Rare South	African	
Succulent Seed.		



A "Living Rock." Odd So. Africa succulent.

Page fifteen



Espostoa lanata
A Peruvian species having snow white wool and red or yellow spines.

LITERATURE ON CACTUS



THE CACTUS BOOK by A. D. Houghton

From this book you will learn the secrets of successful watering, how to grow Cacti from seeds, how to propagate the rare species by grafting, how to hybridize, how to grow indoors in pots, and on window sills, how to purchase and trade to get new sorts and what kinds to grow for different effects. Also introduces you to more than 1,000 different kinds of Cacti with information for selecting the types you need for every purpose and location.

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